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A whole new industry of consultants si saing up to help major companies det up shop on the World Wide Web

By Clinton Wilder

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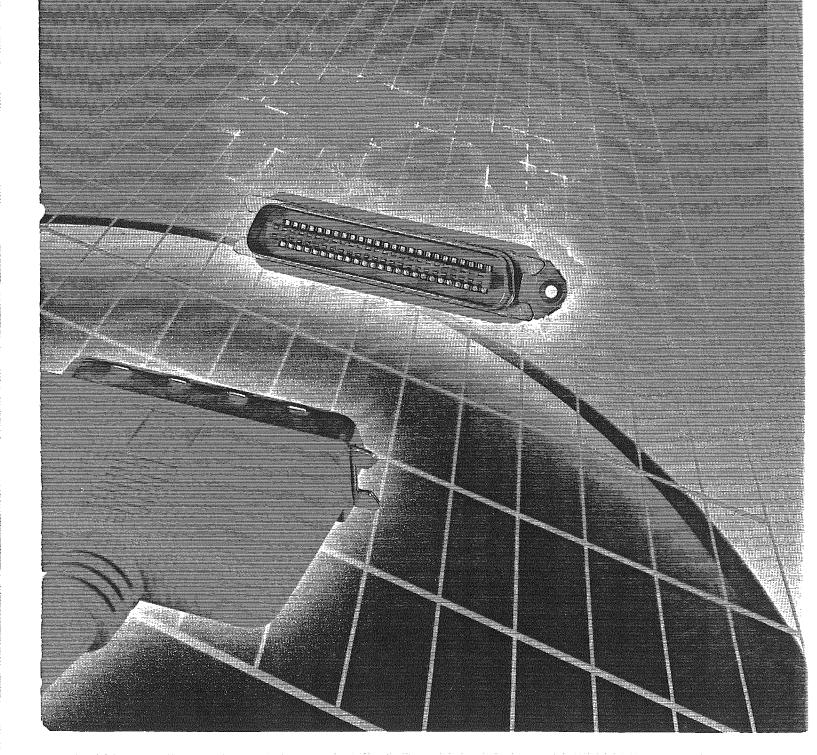
some solo to silicon valley, a new industry has sprouted from the fertile landscape of the Internet's World Wide Web. Dozens of small startup companies, lenown as Web service providers, are working with businesses large and small to help them create, publish, and maintain home pages on the Web.

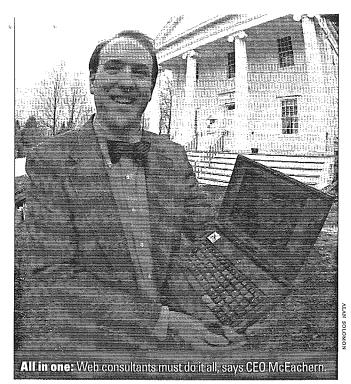
Large corporations seeking to tap the marketing potential of the Net are fueling this new breed of company offering technical knownow and graphical design acumen in short order. These fast-turnaround artists, with cyber-inspired names like Free Range Media and One World Interactive, help companies get up to speed on the intricacies of the Web in the race to tap the ever-expanding communitatricacies of the Web in the race to tap the ever-expanding communi-

They're helping companies as large as General Electric Co. and Visa International Inc. to construct their online storefronts. Corporate

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Special Report





giants are finding they need help in designing appropriate content, coding the Web's standard HyperText Markup Language (HTML), and choosing a server platform.

"When we first started exploring the Web, we started from ignorance," says Rick Pocock, general manager of marketing communications at General Electric's plastics division in Pittsfield, Mass, GE Plastics wanted to make chemical specs available to customers via the Internet, and realized it lacked a core competency in Web technology.

As with any new industry, there are potential pitfalls. Those looking to hire consultants should make sure the consultants have the skills needed for the job they're undertaking. Be sure to ask for references and look at the work they've done for others.

There's a very real potential that companies could end up spending thousands of dollars on their Web projects only to find the end results don't meet corporate expectations.

Hire Experts

Certainly, many companies have constructed their own home pages and run them on in-house servers (see story, p. 50). But others find it's not worth the cost and hassle to assemble a staff to convert corporate documents into HTML, choose among the dizzying array of Web applications and security software hitting the market, and maintain a home page on dedicated servers.

That was the case for Visa International, which wanted its home page up and running in time for the annual American Bankers Association con-

vention last September. Visa contracted with Web service provider Net+Effects Inc. in San Jose, Calif., to create a home page that includes general company background, basic financial-planning modules and, soon, an interactive database of automated teller machine locations worldwide where Visa cardholders can get cash.

Someone Else

"We found it was more cost-effective to have someone else do it for us," says Mary Coady, director of Visa's corporate relations department, who spearheaded the project with involvement from colleagues in marketing and information technology. "We don't have the facilities or people with the right expertise. It was a no-brainer to outsource it."

How can a company as large and technologically savvy as Visa say that? Because its Web initiative, like so many others under way in corporations today, was an entrepreneurial, cross-functional project that needed to move quickly. For a Web page, the outsource versus in-house decision depends on factors very different from running a data center or cranking out a C++ application.

Since a home page represents a company's image and partially open door to the outside world, producing an effective one means combining marketing, creative, public relations, and technology talents. Web consultants specialize in providing this combination of expertise.

> "We're one part ad agency, one part graphics design, one part HTML programming, one part database work, and one part consulting," says Tim McEachern, president and CEO of One World Interactive, a Web services provider in Spencertown, N.Y.

The last piece may be the most important. No matter how skilled a marketer your company is, successful cyber-marketing is a whole different ballgame.

"Even if you have a great graphic arts department, you still need some help [figuring out] what works online," says Jordan Gold, publisher of online services at Macmillan Publishing USA's digital division in Indianapolis. "Too many people treat the Net like people treated desktop publishing 10 years ago, churning out a lot of fonts and making it pretty. If your Web page looks completely different from your corporate image, it defeats the purpose."

Macmillan chose Free Range Media in Seattle to help design its ambitious home page, which runs on a Sun Microsystems SparcServer 20. Macmillan's "Information SuperLibrary"



Free Range Media

206-340-9305, http://www.freerange.com Key customers: Macmillan Publishing, Westin Hotels, Symantec

MAK

415-617-0444, http://www.wais.com Key customers: Dow Jones, Intel, Novell, Colgate-Palmolive

One World Interactive

518-392-6928, http://www.emi.com/ oneworld/

Key customer: GE

OnRamp

212-764-4747, http://metaverse.com Key customers: Reebok, AT&T, NEC

Nata-Hiteris

408-739-0557, http://neteffects.com Key customers: US West, U.S. Navy, Visa International

The Internet Group

412-688-9696, http://www.tig.com Key customers: Ameritech, Fisher Scientific

408-732-0932, http://www.interse.com Key customers: UUNet Technologies



offers Net users the ability to browse Macmillan's titles, select books they wish to order by moving them into an onscreen "bag," search a database of all the bookstores in the U.S. and even listen to audio clips of *Politically Correct Bedtime Stories*,

Like most corporate "Webmasters," Gold won't disclose what Macmillan spent to go online. But he concedes, "you need to spend at least \$100,000, including the hardware, if you do it on any scale at all."

Prices vary widely. Most Web service providers say you can spend as little as \$10,000 for a very basic home page with simple content and little interactivity. A general rule of thumb is \$100 to \$300 per "page" or screen of information, says McEachern. But it's not a one-shot expense; consulting contracts usually include regular site maintenance and content updates.

The Big Picture

Roy Gattinella, VP of marketing at Windham Hill Records Inc. in Menlo Park, Calif., looks at Web development cost in the context of a marketing budget. Windham Hill went live in February with a Web site designed by Intersé in Sunnyvale, Calif., and Gattinella says the

cost equals what the music company would have spent on a "national limited-reach consumer print campaign." A lot of those costs pay for the expertise of knowing what works on the Web and what doesn't.

"HTML is easy; good HTML is not," says

Andrew Fry, co-founder and VP of Free Range Media and co-author of the upcoming book *How To Publish On The Internet* (Warner Books, 1995).

"You're not merely creating a single page; there's a definite psychology to it," says Fry. "The more interactive, the better. You're trying to attract a business online. You need people to come through your door and you want them to come through many times," he adds.

A Simple Rule

One simple rule: Make it interesting. A good example is MCI Communications' home page featuring its fictitious Gramercy Press publishing house, says Debra Aho Williamson, managing editor of *Advertising Age*'s Interactive Media And Marketing section. "It's an exploration, almost like a game," she says. "It's not just blue words all over the place. The thing is to make it exciting, engaging, and something you want to come back to."

And how fast users are able to navigate your content makes a big difference in how you design it, Web service companies say. If your Web page is primarily targeted at other corporate users on 56-Kbps, T1, or other high-speed networks, you

can include bandwidth-eating graphics and video. "You can give those users a much bigger picture and they won't be upset with you for slow response times," says Net+Effects president Bill Selmeier.

Although you can't design everything for the lowest-common-denominator user, be aware of those limitations. Offer alternative text-only downloads of information where appropriate, or at least warn users about particularly interminable downloads before they click on.

Companies with broad consumer appeal should be especially aware that they will attract Net surfers coming through commercial online services at speeds of 9,600 bps or even less. "Since Prodigy started offering Web access, our numbers have really jumped," says Windham Hill's Gattinella.

Although it's hard to call any company typical in an industry as nascent and dispersed as Web service providers, Free Range Media's brief history is at least illustrative. Fry, a former product manager at Microsoft

Corp. and an independent video producer before that, co-founded Free Range in a Seattle warehouse in April 1994. Now with about 20 employees, Free Range has designed more than 20 Web sites for customers that include Macmillan, software vendors Wall Data and Symantec, and

